SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

Synonyms: Jet A-1; Jet A-1-DI; Aviation Turbine Kerosene (ATK); JP-8; NATO F-34; Jet F-34; Aviation Turbine Fuel, Kerosene Type (CAN/CGSB 3.23 & CAN/CGSB 3.24)

Product code: 101851, 100123

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Petro-Canada
P.O. Box 2844, 150 - 6th Avenue South-West
Calgary Alberta T2P 3E3
Canada

Emergency telephone number
Suncor Energy: +1 403-296-3000;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor. In the arctic, Jet A-1 may also be used as diesel fuel (if it contains a lubricity additive) and heating oil.

Prepared by: Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appearance</th>
<th>Clear liquid.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Clear and colourless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Kerosene-like.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids: Category 3
Skin irritation: Category 2
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3 (Central nervous system)
Aspiration hazard: Category 1
GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word
Danger

Hazard statements
Flammable liquid and vapour.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements
Prevention:
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

Storage:
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Store locked up.

Disposal:
 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Potential Health Effects
Primary Routes of Entry
Eye contact
Ingestion
Inhalation
Skin contact

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Skin: May irritate skin.

Eyes: May irritate eyes.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

Aggravated Medical Condition: None known.

Other hazards: None known.

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Hazardous components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>kerosine (petroleum)</td>
<td>8008-20-6</td>
<td>90 - 100 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol</td>
<td>111-77-3</td>
<td>0 - 0.2 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled: Move to fresh air. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing.
and shoes. 
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized 
skin cleanser. 
Wash clothing before reuse. 
Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact: Remove contact lenses. 
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, 
for at least 15 minutes. 
Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth with water. 
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-
cian or poison control center. 
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 
Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: First aider needs to protect himself.

---

**SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

* Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical 
  Carbon dioxide (CO2) 
  Water fog. 
  Foam

* Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do NOT use water jet.

* Specific hazards during firefighting: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

* Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

* Further information: Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

* Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

---

**SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

* Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. 
  Ensure adequate ventilation. 
  Evacuate personnel to safe areas. 
  Material can create slippery conditions.

* Environmental precautions: If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Ensure adequate ventilation.
- Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling:
- For personal protection see section 8.
- Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
- Use only with adequate ventilation.
- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
- Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.
- Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
- Do not ingest.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Keep container closed when not in use.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Store in original container.
- Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
- Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>kerosine (petroleum)</td>
<td>8008-20-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 mg/m3</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2,000 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>OSHA P0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1,600 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
- Use only in well-ventilated areas.
- Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection Material : polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R). Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

---

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Clear liquid.

Colour : Clear and colourless

Odour : Kerosene-like.

Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Pour point : -51 °C (-60 °F) No data available
Boiling point/boiling range : 140 - 300 °C (284 - 572 °F)
Flash point : > 38 °C (100 °F)
Method: Tagliabue
Auto-Ignition Temperature : 210 °C (410 °F)
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Va-
pours are heavier than air and may travel considerable dis-
tance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can 
accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in con-
fined spaces.
Upper explosion limit : 5 %(V)
Lower explosion limit : 0.7 %(V)
Vapour pressure : 5.25 mmHg (20 °C / 68 °F)
Relative vapour density : 4.5
Relative density : 0.775 - 0.84 (15 °C / 59 °F)
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : 1.0 - 1.9 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
Explosive properties : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or ex-
pose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may 
explode in heat of fire.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reac-
tions : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials: Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products: May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, acids, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Eye contact
Ingestion
Inhalation
Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Components:
kerosine (petroleum):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:
Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:
Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available

Carcinogenicity
No data available
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:
Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available
Toxicity to algae : Remarks: No data available
Toxicity to bacteria : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:
Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.
Contaminated packaging : Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 1863
Proper shipping name : Fuel, aviation, turbine engine
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Class 3 - Flammable Liquid
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1863
Proper shipping name : FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

National Regulations

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number : UN 1863
Proper shipping name : Fuel, aviation, turbine engine
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Class 3 - Flammable Liquid
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL
On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA
All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

EINECS
On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Instability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special hazard.

HMIS III:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
<th>PERSONAL PROTECTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2*</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High, 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

For Copy of (M)SDS:

- Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds
  - Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228
  - For Product Safety Information: 1 905-804-4752

Prepared by:

Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

Revision Date:

2016/07/20

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.